

State Aid to Garrett County

Fiscal 2027

State Aid Overview

- Garrett County will receive \$46.9 million in State aid in fiscal 2027. Of this amount, \$42.3 million is direct aid, and \$4.6 million is for retirement payments.
- Garrett County will receive a 4.3% decrease in State funding in fiscal 2027, with total State aid decreasing by \$2.1 million over the prior year. Direct aid decreases by \$2.2 million, while retirement payments increase by \$0.1 million.
- The majority of this funding is targeted to the public school system, which receives 63.1% of the total State aid provided to Garrett County. The community college system receives 14.9%, and county and municipal governments receive 16.1%.

County-Municipal Aid

- Garrett County will receive \$7.6 million in county-municipal aid, which represents a \$171,700, or 2.2%, decrease from the prior year. The decrease in annual funding is due to the phase-out of the teacher retirement supplemental grants that totaled \$0.2 million in fiscal 2026.
- State funding includes \$3.0 million for highway user revenues (HURs), \$2.0 million in disparity grants, \$0.3 million for fire and rescue aid, and \$0.2 million for police aid.
- Garrett County will also receive \$1.8 million under the Revenue Equity Program, which is virtually level with the prior year. This program provides annual payments to counties with State forest, State parks, and wildlife management areas that are exempt from property tax. Each county's payment equals its property tax rate multiplied by the assessed value of these properties, as determined by the State Department of Assessments and Taxation.

Public Safety Grants

- Garrett County will receive \$205,400 in funding under the existing police aid formula, and \$41,000 in enhanced funding based on the number of violent crime offenses occurring within the county.

- The fiscal 2027 allocation for the police aid enhancement was not updated to reflect the most recent uniform crime data for calendar 2024. Each jurisdiction receives the same allocation as in the prior year, except for Baltimore City, which receives an additional \$1.25 million in funding. The use of prior year uniform crime data for calendar 2023 results in a larger funding allocation of \$15,800 for Garrett County, which experienced a greater overall reduction in violent crime offenses in 2024. Allegany and Washington counties also benefit from using the prior year uniform crime data.
- The majority of State funding under the police aid formula is based on population density. More urbanized jurisdictions with a higher population density receive a higher per capita grant amount. A small component of the formula (representing 4.3% of overall funding) targets funding to municipalities based on the number of sworn officers. Funding in fiscal 2027 is based on \$1,950 per sworn officer.
- Since fiscal 2004, local governments must reimburse the State for 30% of the State Police crime lab costs, which will total \$5.9 million in fiscal 2027. The reimbursements are based on local crime rates (one-third) and local wealth (two-thirds). The Garrett County share of these costs will total \$23,737 in fiscal 2027. The local reimbursement is deducted from each jurisdiction's police aid amount.
- Garrett County will receive \$331,100 in fire and rescue aid in fiscal 2027. Each county's funding is based on their share of property tax accounts relative to the statewide total. Each county is guaranteed a minimum 2% share of total funds (\$330,000).

Transportation Aid

- Garrett County will receive \$3.0 million in local highway user revenues (HURs) in fiscal 2027, which is almost level funded from the prior year. The county and municipal share is based on road mileage and vehicle registration. In fiscal 2027, the Garrett County government will receive \$2.0 million, and the municipalities will receive \$1.0 million in HURs.
- Local transportation funding did not benefit from the legislative actions taken at the 2025 session, since the additional revenues from the higher transportation taxes and fees were targeted to State projects and were not shared with local governments through the HURs program.
- State funding for local HURs is based on the amount of revenue allocated to the Gasoline and Motor Vehicle Revenue Account (GMVRA). In fiscal 2027, State funding to local governments is based on 20% of total GMVRA revenues. Of this amount:
 - 61% goes to Baltimore City (12.2% of GMVRA);
 - 24% goes to county governments (4.8% of GMVRA); and
 - 15% goes to municipalities (3.0% of GMVRA).

- Under current law, these distributions will decrease beginning in fiscal 2028, when the allocations revert to the fiscal 2024 distribution, as shown in the following table. Based on the current transportation revenue forecast, this provision will result in a \$0.7 million reduction in local HURs for the county in fiscal 2028, compared to current funding levels.

Local Share of Highway User Revenues

	<u>FY 23</u>	<u>FY 24</u>	<u>FY 25</u>	<u>FY 26</u>	<u>FY 27</u>
MDOT	86.5%	84.4%	82.0%	80.0%	80.0%
Baltimore City	8.3%	9.5%	11.0%	12.2%	12.2%
Counties	3.2%	3.7%	4.3%	4.8%	4.8%
Municipalities	2.0%	2.4%	2.7%	3.0%	3.0%

MDOT: Maryland Department of Transportation

Source: Department of Legislative Services

Local Health Grants

- Garrett County will receive \$2.5 million in local health grants in fiscal 2027, a \$0.5 million or 15.2% decrease from the prior year.
- Local health grants for most counties include two components: mandated aid under the core funding formula that is adjusted annually for population growth and inflation; and discretionary aid to cover salary adjustments for State employees within the local health departments. In Garrett County, the local health department is staffed by State employees and therefore the county receives funding under both components.
- With the overall funding amount for local health departments remaining unchanged from the prior year and with higher costs to fund the mandated core funding formula, salary funding for most counties will be reduced in fiscal 2027. In fact, only five local health departments will receive an increase in funding, with most local health departments, particularly in rural areas, realizing annual decreases of over 10%.

Disparity Grants

- Garrett County will receive \$2.0 million in disparity grant funding in fiscal 2027, which is equal to the amount of funding received in the prior year due to the Governor’s proposal.

- The Budget Reconciliation and Financing Act (BRFA) level funds the disparity grant program at the fiscal 2026 formula amount of \$176.6 million through fiscal 2029, resulting in a \$17.1 million reduction (8.8% decrease) in fiscal 2027 compared to the enhanced fiscal 2026 level and a \$27.0 million reduction compared to the formula-required amount of \$203.6 million.
- Prince George’s County faces the largest reduction at \$17.5 million, followed by Allegany County at \$6.3 million. Garrett and Washington counties will also experience a reduction in disparity grant funding, totaling \$83,900 and \$316,400, respectively.

Local Library and Community College Aid

- Garrett County will receive \$116,400 in local library aid, and \$6.3 million in State support for the local community college.
- The BRFA includes a provision that limits the annual increase in State funding under the Cade funding formula to 3%. Since Garrett College is only expected to realize a 1.5% increase in Cade formula aid under current law, the county is not affected by this proposed reduction.

Education Aid

- The majority of State funding is targeted to the public school system. Direct State aid to the Garrett County Public School System accounts for 55.1% of total State aid provided to the county; and funding for teacher retirement accounts for 7.9% of total State aid.
- In fiscal 2027, the Garrett County Public School System will receive \$25.9 million in direct aid, which represents a \$1.7 million, or 6.1%, decrease from the prior year. This decrease is primarily due to the elimination of a one-time hold harmless grant totaling \$1.8 million that the school system received in fiscal 2026 as a result of declining student enrollment. In addition, due to the continual decline in student enrollment, State funding under several aid programs, most notably the foundation aid, will decrease in fiscal 2027. State aid under the foundation program decreases by \$723,000, while compensatory aid decreases by \$52,200.
- Garrett County will realize a \$87,000 increase in State funding for teacher retirement, with funding totaling \$3.7 million in fiscal 2027.
- On a per pupil basis, Garrett County will receive \$9,415 in State funding in fiscal 2027. This includes \$8,234 per pupil in direct aid; and \$1,181 per pupil for teacher retirement payments.

- Garrett County will receive a 4.7% decrease in per pupil direct aid in fiscal 2027, the only local school system projecting a decrease in State funding for the upcoming year

Administration Proposal

- The proposed fiscal 2027 State budget includes \$228.4 million in funding enhancements for three formula aid programs due to the implementation of a revised student enrollment count for students approved for free and reduced-price meals (FRPM). This will affect State funding under the compensatory aid, concentration of poverty, and education effort adjustment. This change will provide an additional \$3.5 million in State funding to Garrett County over statutory funding amounts.
- State funding for compensatory aid and concentration of poverty is partly based on the number of students approved for FRPM. Until fiscal 2027, the FRPM count included a hold harmless provision for local school systems participating in the federal community eligibility provision (CEP). The hold harmless provision prevents the FRPM count for CEP schools/school systems (as measured by the percentage of FRPM students to total enrollment) from falling below the percentage of FRPM students to total enrollment in the year prior to CEP participation. The Governor proposes to extend this hold harmless provision for fiscal 2027.
- This proposal will increase the FRPM count for fiscal 2027 funding purposes by 33,564 students. Instead of a 9.4% statewide decrease in the FRPM count from the fiscal 2026 funding level, the decrease is limited to 1.7%. In Garrett County, this proposal will limit the annual decrease in the FRPM count to only 0.2% instead of 56.4%. This represents an additional 997 students, or 3.0% of the total statewide share. Three local school systems account for most of the additional FRPM students: Baltimore City (40%); Montgomery County (16%); and Prince George’s County (23%).
- The Administration proposes to shift one-half of the annual increase in State retirement payments for teachers, librarians, and community college faculty to county governments (including Baltimore City). This State-local cost shift will total \$39.3 million statewide in fiscal 2027, with the Garrett County share totaling \$159,700.

Blueprint and Targeted Funding

- Garrett County will receive \$3.9 million in State funding under the Blueprint Initiatives in fiscal 2027. This includes \$1.8 million in concentration of poverty grants, \$1.2 million for full-day prekindergarten, and \$0.6 million for transition grants.
- A considerable amount of State education funding is based on targeted student populations, with Garrett County receiving \$7.2 million in targeted grants under the compensatory aid, English Language Learners (ELL), and special education programs. Of these three programs, Garrett County receives \$5.5 million in compensatory aid funding, \$1.7 million in special education funding, and \$22,000 in ELL grants.

Local Wealth

- Garrett County has the fourth highest per pupil wealth measure in the State, at 149% of the statewide average. The local wealth measure is a combination of property wealth, as measured by the county assessable base, and income wealth as measured by net taxable income. In terms of local property wealth, Garrett County has the third highest per pupil wealth at 189% of the statewide average. In terms of local income wealth, Garrett County has a below average per pupil wealth, at 83% of the statewide average.

Student Enrollment

- Garrett County's full-time equivalent student (FTES) enrollment count decreases by 1.6%, compared to a statewide average decline of 0.9%. Only three local school systems experience an increase in their FTES enrollment this year. Currently, the Garrett County School System has around 3,140 students.
- The number of students approved for FRPM decreases by 0.2% in Garrett County, which is below the statewide average decrease of 1.7%. Garrett County currently has an above average percentage of students approved for FRPM at 56.4% of total student enrollment. Statewide, over half of the students are approved for FRPM, and this ranges from around 27.8% in Calvert County to almost 90% in Baltimore City.
- Garrett County has a limited number of students identified as English Language Learners (ELL) at 0.2% of total student enrollment, which represents just six students.
- Garrett County has a lower share of students receiving special education services at 12.2% of total enrollment. This compares to the statewide average of 14.6%. The number of students receiving special education services decreases by 2.8% this year, compared to the statewide average increase of 2.0%.
- The targeted student index measures the percentage share of a school system's student enrollment approved for FRPM, ELL, and special education services. While Garrett County has a below average targeted student index of 68.9%, a significant portion of the county's public school students has been identified as needing additional educational services to meet academic performance standards. The targeted student index ranges from 41.6% in Calvert County to 118.0% in Baltimore City, with the statewide average at 79.1%.
- Statewide, public school enrollment represents 13.5% of the total State population. In Garrett County, public school enrollment represents 11.1% of the overall county population (the fourth lowest share in the State). In comparison, Kent County has the lowest share, with public school enrollment accounting for 8.2% of the total county population while Howard County has the highest share at 16.3%.